	PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEAL' BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
	vaship Registration Distric	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 791 File No. 29252
07 V III 07	agePrimary Registration	on District No. 1003 Registered No. 7543
City	7171	10. 132. St.; Ward) [If death occurred hospital or institution of street and number of street
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
8E	X COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) Series	DATE OF DEATH Sept. 27 % (Month) (Day) (Y
DA	TE OF BIRTH	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased
	SEft 27, 1910	, 191, to, 191
AG	(Month) (Day) (Year)	that I last saw halive on, 191
	! day,_hrs,	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at
000	OUPATION 4	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(a)	Trade, profession, or thorne ticular kind of work at home	Mill John
bus	General nature of industry, Iness, or establishment in	101.000 Prematine Best
	THPLACE	Coursed by tale of Mother.
(Cit	y or town, country)	(Duration) yrs, mos
	NAME OF FATHER	Contributory (SECONDARY)
	Mank Gmann	(Duration) yrs. mos
ENT8	BIRTHPLAGE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) A Louis	(81gned) State B
ARE	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
-	BIRTHPLACE BIRTHPLACE	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS
	OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	RECENT RESIDENTS) At place In the of death yrs, mos ds. State yrs mos.
THE	ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of death yrs. mos ds. State yrs mos. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Inf	ormant) At tack	Former or usual residence 3226 0. 13 H. M.
(ADDRESS) Come Office		PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
	SEP 27 1910 OUR Lines Bank	St. Feler-Tauls Sept. 2 18 UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
File	d	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At. home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None,

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 20 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

