MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

852

64

PLACE OF DEATH

County Crawford

Township Cortoise

or

Village

or

City (NO. St.; Ward)

Registration District No. 232

Primary Registration District No. 5316

File No.

Registered No. 3

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

FULL NAME Edith Lucy Gillim

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX: Female

COLOR OR RACE: White

SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word): Infant

DATE OF BIRTH: Oct (Month) 25 (Day); 1910 (Year)

AGE: yrs. 3 mos. 11 ds.

If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work: 0

(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer): Infant

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country): Quaker Mo

PARENTS

NAME OF FATHER: Irvin Theodore Gillim

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country): Washington Co Mo

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER: Laura May Usery

BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country): Dent Co Mo

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant) Mrs. Lucy Usery

(ADDRESS) Huzzah Mo

Filed Jan 30, 1911. Dr. L. D. Rennaux
REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH: Jan (Month) 14 (Day), 1911 (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from —, 191__, to —, 191__, that I last saw h— alive on —, 191__, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 4 P m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Brain Congestion,

81 A

(Duration) yrs. mos. 2 ds.

Contributory (SECONDARY)

(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

(Signed) ~~—~~ M. D.

~~191 (Address)~~

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? At place of death

Former or usual residence

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL: Centerpost Cemetery

DATE OF BURIAL: Jan 15 1911

UNDERTAKER: D. Blunt

ADDRESS: Huzzah Mo

... be that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman,* etc. But in many c. es, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (*a*) the kind of work and also (*b*) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (*a*) *Spinner,* (*b*) *Cotton mill;* (*a*) *Salesman,* (*b*) *Grocery;* (*a*) *Foreman,* (*b*) *Automobile factory.* The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine,* etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework,* or *At home,* and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home.* Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid,* etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.).* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None.*

Statement of cause of death.—Name, **first,** the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum,* etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma,* etc., of ..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis,* etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septichaemia,*" "PUERPERAL *peritonitis,*" etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

HUGH STEPHENS, JEFFERSON CITY.