

PLACE OF DEATH

County Sade

Township _____

or _____

Village _____

or _____

City Lockwood

(NO. _____)

St.: _____ Ward)

FULL NAME

Nancy Bayl

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Registration District No. 238

File No. 9903

Primary Registration District No. 4145

Registered No. 13

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

☒ MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

SEX Female COLOR OR RACE White SINGLE Married
MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (If write the word)

DATE OF DEATH

March 17, 1911
(Month) (Day) (Year)

DATE OF BIRTH Jan 22, 1898
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Feb 26, 1911, to Mar 10, 1911, that I last saw her alive on Mar 10, 1911, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6 a. m.

AGE 84 yrs. 1 mos. 27 ds. If LESS than 1 day, ____ hrs. or ____ min.?

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work House Keeper
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

Erysipelas
15 B

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Tennessee

16 (Duration) ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.
Contributory Sensibility
(SECONDARY) (Duration) ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.

PARENTS NAME OF FATHER James Dirvine
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) North Carolina
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Dont know
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) North Carolina

(Signed) John McDermott M. D.
Mar 17, 1911 (Address) Lockwood Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

(Informant) Alfred Bayl
(ADDRESS) Lockwood Mo

At place of death ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds. In the State ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.
Where was disease contracted If not at place of death?
Former or usual residence

Filed March 17, 1911 Russell MD
REGISTRAR

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Maple Grove DATE OF BURIAL March 18, 1911
UNDERTAKER H. A. Heiney ADDRESS Lockwood

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Composer*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sar-*

coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

