MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Registration District No. or Villag Primary Registration District No. III death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its RAME instead PERMANENT of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH BINGLE 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) (Month) (Day) DATE OF BIRTH BINDING I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from (Month) (Day) (Year) AGE If LESS than I day,___hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or___mln.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: **QUOUPATION** RESERVED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of Industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 3 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (BECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLACÉ OF FATHER (City or town/State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place in the of death. ds. State_ THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?_ Former or usual residence. DATE OF BURIAL ADDRESS REGISTRAR

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salcsman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

co na, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is les definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant ne plasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvula heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The ed itributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need nd: be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secof lary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (r.erely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "I ropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhige," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all di eases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "I UERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertalien. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as pr bably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway tri in-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Peisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The natuje of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

