	ild state portant.		PLACE OF DEATH  County Bollinger	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	about ry in	-	Township While Wales Registration Distri	ic/No. 70 File No. 8187
6	ANS		or VillagePrimary Registrati	ion District No. 570 9 Registered No. 4
	FERMANENT KECOKD  od EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS  alement of OCCUPATION is ve	-	FULL NAME Jonnie	St.; Ward)  [If death occurred in a bospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
	TILY	. [	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Ü	EKMA d EXAC	٠	SEX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MARRIED MIDDWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH  MOST 22, 1912.  (Month) (Day) (Year)
			DATE OF BIRTH	G I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
BINDIN	E Se S		(Mg, 9/, 188) (Month) (Day) (Year)	march 16th, 1912, to march 92, 1912,
18 :	THIS IS		AGE If LESS than	
FOR			23 yrs. 6 mos 22 ds. or min.?	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at // 42 m.  The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
	A G		OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or Tenam 14570/	Treumonia +
RV	lied.	1	particular kind of work 1 COUNT (100 DT)	1928
RESERV	NIC Rupp		business, or establishment in Ranning which employed (or employer) Ranning	A ()
GINB	UNFADING INE prefully supplied. AC tit may be properly cla	-	BIRTHPLACE (City or town." State or foreign country) Aullinger Co 2000	Contributory.
		į	NAME OF William Barks	(SECONDARY) (Duration) yrsmosds.
	WILLI ould be c		BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Bignod) Stayloch M.D.
	n sh form	ı	MAIDEN NAME	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
	natio plain			*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.  LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
5	r Lea Hora		BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	RECENT RESIDENTS) At place In the
į	SATI SATI	-	THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of death
arian	F DI	ŀ	(Informant) Ranson Bartes	Former or usual residence
		1	(ADDRESS) Frillhime mo	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
2.02 2.02	B.—Ever	f	DAN 1 1	Mount pleas out Comby March 23. 1812
o,	z.		Filed March 22 1912, A) Slay to ch	Henry Clement Lixell Mit
>		]-		

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

T 7'.



MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS REGISTRARS SHALL NOT RE-CEIVE A FEE FOR CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE COMPLETED AS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH PRESCRIBED BY LAW. Registration District No. Villag OF. [If death occurred in a City Ward) hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH BINGLE 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Day) Write the word) DATE OF BIRTH CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from (Day) (Month) (Year) If LESS than AGE that death occurred, on the date stated above, at \_min\_& OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER BIRTHPLAGE OF FATHER (City or town. State or foreign MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Spicidal, or Homicidal. LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER At place in the (City or town, State or foreign country) of death. State\_ Where was disease contracted THE!ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE If not at place of death? ... Former or usual residence ADDÆE88 REGISTRAR All information called for must be written on this Supplementary Certificate.

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. -- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age, For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed; as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

