old state		PLACE OF DEATH  County Julian			MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
e bou		Tov	vnship Um	Registration Distric	ct No. 719	File No	14606
RD		ı	or Village Primary Registrati		on District No. 5950 Registered No. 12.		
INK-THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD  4. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS		Oits			*	8t.;Ward	[If death occurred in a
		PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
	iled. Exact statement of	SE A	WIDOWED OR DIVORCED		DATE OF DEATH	ay ril	30, 1912 (Day) (Year)
		DATE OF BIRTH  (Write the word)  (Write the word)  (World the word)  (World the word)  (World the word)			I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from march 1, 1912, to While 30, 1912,		
		AG	E 80 VIS 8 MOS )	If LESS than I day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occu	alive on Charles	ited above, at 5 m.
		OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession. or particular kind of work			The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:		
		(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)					
UNFADING		BIRTHPLACE (City or town," State or foreign country)  Cug2 cmd.					
H. H.			NAME OF WY Sanders.		(Signed) (Address) www. M.D.		
WRITE PLAINLY, WIT		RENTS	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  Waland.				
		PAR	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Q. N.N. Whi	۲4.			s from Violent Causes, state al, or Homicidal.
			BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	land.	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrs	In the	TITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
		(Informant) Worthing To The BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE  (ADDRESS) Worthing To The			Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? Former or usual residence		
					PLACE OF SURIAL O	#REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL May 2, 1912
W N. B.—Every ii CAUSEOI		File	april 30. 1812 /pM	May aus RECISTRAR	UNDERTAKER Buy Buy	-	ADDRESS
-						- W	

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus; Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None,

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of ............... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary). 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital,", "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as Accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory," (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

