PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATIST CERTIFICATE OF DEATH County. 15584οт Primary Registration District No. 6 227 VIIIdae Registered No 02 [If death occurred in a City hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED Married WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Month) (Day) (Write the word) (Year) DATE OF BIRTH I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from (Month) (Day) (Year) that I last saw he'z alive on AGE If LESS than y Harry I day,....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or____min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) Genèral nature of Industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE Dugation). (City or town. State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER Duration) BIRTHPLACE (Signed). PARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 191... (Address) MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(i) Means of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Spicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place of death. .mos. Where was disease contracted THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE if not at place of death? Former or (Informant). usual residence DATE OF BURIAL

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative health-fulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of

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my occupations a single word or term on will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, mpositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many lly in industrial employments, it is neces-

(a) the kind of work and also (b), the ; business or industry, and therefore an is provided for the latter statement; it d only when needed. As examples: (a) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; , (b) Automobile factory. The material tay, form part of the second statement. h "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," , without more precise specification, as Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. me, who are engaged in the duties of the y (not paid Housekeepers who receive a), may be entered as Housewife, Houseme, and children, not gainfully employed, ir At home. Care should be taken to rey the occupations of persons engaged in ce for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housethe occupation has been changed or given of the disease causing death, state ocginning of illness. If retired from busi-

tired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

HUGH BTEPHENS, JEFFERSON CITY,