

PLACE OF DEATH

County Barry
 Township Jennings
 or
 Village
 or
 City

Registration District No. 973
 Primary Registration District No. 5048

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
 BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
 CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

File No. 18881
 Registered No.

FULL NAME Clarence Austin

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX male COLOR OR RACE W SINGLE MARRIED single WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (If write the word)
 DATE OF BIRTH April 18, 1899
 (Month) (Day) (Year)
 AGE 14 yrs. 1 mos. 20 ds. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work harbor
 (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) none

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Olela

PARENTS
 NAME OF FATHER George Austin
 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) mo
 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Maline Potter
 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) mo

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant) E. S. Bessinger
 (ADDRESS) lot mo

Filed June 14, 1913 J. M. Permon
 REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH June 13, 1913
 (Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from June 13, 1913, to June 13, 1913, that I last saw him alive on June 13, 1913, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 5 P. M.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Chronic interstitial nephritis
 (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

(Signed) Thomas D. Miller M. D.
June 13, 1913 (Address) Des Moines

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)
 At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.
 Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
 Former or usual residence

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Carney cemetery DATE OF BURIAL June 14, 1913
 UNDERTAKER L. J. Thomas ADDRESS Perkins

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*;

Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)