PLACE OF BEATH County June 19		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH!			
Township allowed	Registration Distri	ct No. 3-09	File No	85 925	
or Village	Primary Registrati	on District No 3427	Registered No.	72	
city(N	ng Od	Eur	9t.;Ward)	[li death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PA	RTICULARS	MEDICAL	CERTIFICATE OF	DEATH	
Remode What Single MARRIED WIDE OR DIVOR (Write the	CED	DATE OF DEATH	Month)	(Day), (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH (Month)	(Day), 1237 (Year)	that I last saw h M /ol	1915, to M	ittended deceased from 1912,	
810 5	7 day,hrs.	and that death occurred	, on the date sta	ted above, at Dam.	
DCCUPATION a) Trade, profession, or articular kind of work	ust	The CAUSE OF DEATE	* was as follows:		
b) General nature of industry, pusiness, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	-0	170 10	19		
STRTHPLACE City or town, State or foreign country)	f.		alian) yra	mos (ds.	
NAME OF Chosolow	Harde	Contributory	ation)yrs.	ds.	
BIRTHPLAGE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	Inel	(Glaned) #01	(Address) White	V Harriston	
MAIDEN NAME DECORAL	W Dond	*State the Disease Causing (1) Means of Injury: and (2) who		from Violent Causes, state	
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	Shud	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (I RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrs,mos.	In the		
HE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KN	OWLEDGE	Where was disease contractif not at place of death? Former or	ted	yrsds.	
(ADDRESS) M& FAL	mo	PLACE OF BURIAL OR RE	MOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL	
11ed Mar. 16 1813 7, 4	martin	UNDERTAKER		ADDRESS	
	REGISTRAR	S6. This	p Ke	co Hamplo	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. \Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," \"Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify fall diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, fas "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. Ther violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, for as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)