

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS  
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH  
County Jackson  
Township \_\_\_\_\_  
or  
Village \_\_\_\_\_  
or  
City Kansas City (No. 3529 Charlotte St.; \_\_\_\_\_ Ward)  
Registration District No. 399 File No. 4936  
Primary Registration District No. 1002 Registered No. 585  
FULL NAME Barah H. Jenkins  
[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX F. COLOR OR RACE W. SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED widowed  
(Write the word)  
DATE OF BIRTH September 8, 1834  
(Month) (Day) (Year)  
AGE 79 yrs. 5 mos. 11 ds. if LESS than 1 day, \_\_\_ hrs. or \_\_\_ min.?  
OCCUPATION  
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work at home 131  
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 914  
BIRTHPLACE  
(City or town, State or foreign country) Madison Co. Kentucky  
PARENTS  
NAME OF FATHER Unknown Baker  
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Virginia  
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary Saunders  
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Virginia

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH Feb. 19<sup>th</sup>, 1914  
(Month) (Day) (Year)  
I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Feb 1, 1914, to Feb 19, 1914, that I last saw her alive on Feb 19, 1914, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 7:20 P.M.  
The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows:  
Anemia of brain terminating in coma caused by hardening of arteries  
(Duration) \_\_\_ yrs. \_\_\_ mos. 30 ds.  
Contributory arterial stenosis - general  
(asymptomatic) sclerosis + chronic  
supplied (Duration) 20 yrs. \_\_\_ mos. \_\_\_ ds.  
(Signed) C. S. Norman, M.D.  
Feb 21, 1914 (Address) KANSAS CITY, MO.  
\*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.  
LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)  
At place of death \_\_\_ yrs. \_\_\_ mos. \_\_\_ ds. In the 40 yrs. \_\_\_ mos. \_\_\_ ds. State  
Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?  
Former or usual residence.  
PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Calumet DATE OF BURIAL Feb. 21, 1914  
UNDERTAKER E. Steiner & Son M.D. ADDRESS 924 Oak St.

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE  
(Informant) Bessie Jenkins  
(ADDRESS) 3529 Charlotte St.  
FEB 21 1914  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_ 1914 W. S. Wheeler  
REGISTRAR

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

# Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health  
Association]

**Statement of occupation.**—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

**Statement of cause of death.**—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sarcoma*, etc., of ..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicæmia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)