	PLACE OF DEATH	
ıty	Dekalb.	

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

County Dekalb.	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
or	egistration District	t No. 25 7	File No	7895
City (NO.		8t.;	Ward)	[li denth occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICU	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
SEX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	Married	DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	3/11/1914 (Day) (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from			
Oct 27-1837	march 31, 1914, to Idarch 3/, 1914, that I last saw her alive on March 3/, 1914			
AGE 76 yrs 5 mos 4 d	If LESS than I day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occurred,	on the date state	
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Housewife	The CAUSE OF DEATH*	was as follows:		
(b) General nature of Industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	Cerebral Hernorshage.			
BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country) Kantucky	Contributed	ion)yrs	ds.	
NAME OF FATHER Adam Kerns		Contributory (purat	lon)	ds.
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MADDEN NAME		(Signed) 191 (Ad	Idross) (la	swarp.o.
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary Antle	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR			
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) KV		RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of death yrs, mos.	in the	
THEZABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLE	Where was disease contracted if not atplace of death?			
(ADDRESS) Clarks hall	m	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMO	1 .	ATE OF BURIAL
Filed Mary 7 to 4 35 A1	nole	Freeman Cemeter UNDERTAKER - (O M 10 aux)	a A	pr. 2 L914 DORESS

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association)

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary). may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DRATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

 use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)