

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH
County Plaske
Township Liberty
or
Village
or
City

Registration District No. 712 File No. 16974
Primary Registration District No. 5941a Registered No. 14

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

FULL NAME Alfred Raymond York

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

SEX Boy COLOR OR RACE White SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Single
(Write the word)

DATE OF DEATH May 1, 1914
(Month) (Day) (Year)

DATE OF BIRTH March 25, 1910
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from May 1, 1914, to May 1, 1914, that I last saw him alive on May 1, 1914, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 90 m.

AGE 4 yrs. 1 mos. 5 ds. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

THE CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Laryngeal Diphtheria
10

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work at home
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) at home

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Mo.

(Duration) yrs. mos. ds. 3 to 5

PARENTS
NAME OF FATHER Alfred York
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER Mo.
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Savannah Scott
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER Mo

Contributory Unknown
(SECONDARY)
(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.
(Signed) E. A. Oliver M. P.
May 2, 1914 (Address) Richland Mo.

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) Jas. M. Armstrong
(ADDRESS) Richland Mo.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)
At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State 4 yrs. 1 mos. 5 ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
Former or usual residence at Place of Death

Filed May 2, 1914. E. A. Oliver
REGISTRAR

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Richland Cemetery DATE OF BURIAL May 2, 1914
UNDERTAKER W. H. Jones ADDRESS Richland Mo.

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. OCCUPATIONS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient; e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)