

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH
County Lawrence
Township Freistatt
or
Village _____
or
City _____ (NO. _____ Ward)

Registration District No. 473 File No. 9 23172
Primary Registration District No. 5637 Registered No. 9

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)

FULL NAME Flourne Wilks

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX female COLOR OR RACE White SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) _____

DATE OF BIRTH Nov 29, 1912
(Month) (Day) (Year)

AGE 1 yrs 6 mos 11 ds. If LESS than 1 day, ___ hrs. or ___ min.?

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work _____ (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) _____

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) same as above

PARENTS
NAME OF FATHER Jay Wilks
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Lawrence Mo
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Marry Phelps
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Monett

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) J. Wilks
(ADDRESS) Monett

Filed 7-14-14 23172 1914 H. P. Kaiser REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH June 9, 1914
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from April 10, 1914, to June 9, 1914, that I last saw her alive on June 5, 1914,

and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 5 a m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH was as follows:
Rickets

63 (Duration) 36 yrs. mos. ds.

Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) 7 yrs. mos. ds.

(Signed) J. M. West M. D. (Address) Monett Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)
At place of death ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds. In the State ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? _____
Former or usual residence _____

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Springriver DATE OF BURIAL 6-10-1914
UNDERTAKER Russ Kuehman ADDRESS Monett Mo

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Wardmaid*, etc. If the occupation has been a part of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, the beginning of illness. If retirement may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)