

PLACE OF DEATH

County Schuyler
 Township Independence
 or
 Village _____
 or
 City _____ (NO. _____ St. _____ Ward _____)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS.

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Registration District No. 802File No. 34273Primary Registration District No. 6047

Registered No. _____

FULL NAME Pauline B. Buchanan

(If death occurred in a
hospital or institution,
give its NAME instead
of street and number)

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX female COLOR OR RACE white SINGLE MARRIED married
 WIDOWED OR DIVORCED
 (Write the word)
 DATE OF BIRTH Nov 26, 1896
 (Month) (Day) (Year)
 AGE 19 yrs. 6 mos. 4 ds. If LESS than
 1 day, ____ hrs. or ____ min.?

OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or
particular kind of work at home

(b) General nature of industry,
business, or establishment in
which employed (or employer): _____

BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country) Mo

PARENTS
 NAME OF FATHER Samuel G. Smoot
 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER Mo
 (City or town, State or foreign country)
 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Ella Lane
 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER Mo
 (City or town, State or foreign country)

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant) S G Smoot
 (ADDRESS) Drawing Mo

Filled Oct 1, 1914, J B Bridges
 REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH September 30, 1914
 (Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
Sept 30, 1914, to Sept 30, 1914,
 that I last saw her alive on Sept 30, 1914,
 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 9:30 p.m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Heart failure
Cause unknown
2004
 (Duration) short, few hours yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.

Contributory unknown
 (Secondary) (Duration) about 1 hour yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.
 (Signed) Dr. B. Bridges M. D.
Oct 1, 1914 (Address) Drawing Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
 (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

At place of death ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds. In the State ____ yrs. ____ mos. ____ ds.

Where was disease contracted
 if not at place of death? _____

Former or
 usual residence _____

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

DATE OF BURIAL

Middlebrook C Oct 1, 1914
 UNDERTAKER Lee Riley ADDRESS Drawing

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)