PLACE OF DEATH		, BUREA	STATE BOAI U OF VITAL S	
Township	Registration Distri	791	File No	36861
or Village	Primary Registration	1003	Registered No.	10115 4
	don b l	Taylor Mundles	Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL		MEDICAL CE	RTIFICATE OF	PEATH
MINING ORDI	ED 11 WWW () VORCED to the word)	DATE OF DEATH	Month)	7 (Day), 191 4
DATE OF BIRTH	2/21.882	+		tended deceased from
(Mps/h)	(Day) (Year)	that I last saw h alive	1, to	, 191,
AGE #2 #	If LESS than I day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occurred,		ed above, a A. m.
OOCUPATION	ds. or min.y	The CAUSE OF DEATH*		
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	(un)	Eledric Sh	onk +/	Jusus V
(b) General nature of Industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	pline le o	falling from	Teleph-	y golg
BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or fereign country)	186	Durat	tion)yrs	de.
NAME OF Collen let	and 194	SCONTRIBUTORY (BECONDARY) (Durat	tion)xrs	mos, ds.
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Gity or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME OF MAINTENAME	Mo.	(81gned) / 9 191 4 (A	ddress) Delo	all ma
MAIDEN NAME COMMU	Emmous	*State the Disease Causing D. (1) Means of Injury; and (2) wheth	eath, or, in deaths ler Accidental, Suicidal	
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	n. Ymr.	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrsmos	In the	TUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY	2,	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		(D)
(ADDRESS) 147	Liloma MN	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REM	DVAL D	ATE OF BURIAL
1157 0 1011 On	Starkloff	UNDERTAKER LACOLUMN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	oxlu ĝ	DDRESS DATE OF

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary). may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)