	PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
County		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	waship Rogistration Distric	ct No. 791 File,No. 36998
or VIIIage Primary Registratio		on District 10003 Registered No. 10271
city Allows (no. 3435 Mc		agnolia Bt.: 14 ward) [If death occurred in a bospital or institution.
	FULL NAME Many Elizabet	give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH 2 (Month) (Day), 1914
9	(Moath) (Bay), 186~	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from , 1914, to 3, 1914, that I last saw better alive on 1914
AGE 5 V yrs. 0 mos N4 ds. If LESS than I day, hrs. or min.?		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at Am.
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		The SAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		71 A
BIRTHPLAGE (City or town, State orforeign country)		(Duration) / yrs, mos i ds.
PARENTS	NAME OF alex Cameron	Contributory (Secondary) (Duratlop) yrs. mos. ds.
	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Mora Section	(Signed) Of a Variation M. D.
	MAIDEN NAME Mary Kenders	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country-himse Elu Sland	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place In the of death yrs. mos. ds. State yrs. mos. ds.
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		Where was disease contracted If not at place of death?
(ADDRESS) 31435 Magnoli		PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
Filed 13 19 491 Mark Starkloff		UNDROTAKER ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various putsuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. 2 But in many cases especially in industrial employments it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and thereforegan additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valoular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia,""Anaemia" (merely symptomatic),"Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Con-" genital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)