PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
		<b>7</b> 91		37102
or Village	Registration District No Primary Registration Distr	1003	File No	10377
FULL NAME Walk	29234 St Viter Kranke	went s	/ <u>5</u> Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PAI	RTICULARS /	MEDICAL CI	ERTIFICATE OF	DEATH
SEX COLOR OR RADE MARRIED WIDOWN OR DIVOR (Write the	Quisto)	OF DEATH	Nov. (Month)	/6, 191 (Day), (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH  Fib  (Month)	(Day), 1886 N	W/2,19	14, to No	ttended deceased from
28 yrs. 9 mos.	de ormin.?	last saw h <u>b</u> aliv	on the date stat	
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work — [Lauvi		CAUSE OF DEATH*	was as follows:	luciflos
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	2.	3 <i>A</i>		
BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  NAME OF		tributory	tion) early	y mosds.
BIRTHPLACE BERTHPLACE	autil &	SECONDARY) (Dura	tion)	mosds.
OF FATHER (City or town, State or forcism control Luca  MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	ville Illa Ke	14/D	ddress) 30	2 Fapone
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	acob (1) Hea	ate the Disease Causing D	eath, or, in deaths her Accidental, Solcida	from Violent Causes, state
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign Schools)	At place	RESIDENTS)	in the	ITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KN	OF deal	hyrsmos was disease contracte at place of death?		yrsds.
(Informant) Lacob Crank	EL Forme	="		
(ADDRESS 7 2 3 4 8 X. 1/2	want Arr PLACE		Objects.	PATE OF BURIAL
Filed NOV 17 1919 May 62	Tarklos UNDE	RTMER	murry	DDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

 use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)