PLACE OF DEATH

CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

Caulatu		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Township	Registration Distric	78I	File No	37236
or	Primary Registratio	JL (D) (D) F	Registered N	. 10522
FULL NAME Treeze	Coil-JA	popital	st.; <u>W</u> wai	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Mace COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the wor	d)	DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	(Day) (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH (Month)	28 1866 (Day) (Year)	,	ERTIFY, that I	attended deceased from , 191 ,
48 yrs. 11 mos 23	If LESS than I day,hrs. ormin.?		l, on the date	stated above, at/ 0 - 4°m.
OCCUPATION (a) Trude, profession, or particular kind of work	ute	Cerebras	Ver	whage /
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		(Epilepa	7)	spital Philips
BIRTHPLACE (City or town." State or foreign country)	``	Kar (Du Contributoro 22	ration)	esstitie Melent
NAME OF FATHER John John	<i>f</i>	(SECONDARY)	ration) y	mosds.
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	m.		(Address)	~ 1
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER CASES	all	*State the Disease Causing (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) wh	Death, Or, in dea ether Accidental, Su	ths from Violent Causes, state icidal, or Homicidal.
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	vacury	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrsmos	in the	NSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOW	Where was disease contract if not at place of death?			
(Informant) a Atto tack		Former or 362	28 Cr	aky St.
(ADDRESS) O COLLEGE	offine	PLACE OF BURIAL OR RI	EMOVAL	20 2 1814
Filed 21 1511,19 March Star	HWY.	UNDERTAKER	Lital	S984 Jostana

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U.S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. -- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

 use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)