P	LACE	OF	DEA	TH

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MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

l c.	unty	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
1	waship Registration Distri	rict No. 791 File No. 37402		
VII		1003 7/0007		
o Cit	1/1000 -	[li death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]		
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
m	COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED MIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Brite the word)	DATE OF DEATH Nov. 25, 191 4 (Month) (Day) (Year)		
D#	(Mogdb) (Day), 1846	THEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from		
AC	SE STEERS THAN	and that death occurred, on the date stated above at		
(a)	OUPATION Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:		
bus	General nature of industry. iness, or establishment in ch employed (or employer)	13/		
(Ci	THPLACE ty or town," te or foreign country)	(Duration) yrs, mos ds.		
	NAME OF ROAL Evans	Contributory (SECONDARY) / Yrsmosds.		
PARENT8	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Walles	M.D. M.D. Oily 1/10 M.D. Oily 1/10 M.D. Oily 1/10 M.D.		
	MAIDEN NAME Marka Bell.	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Visient Causes, state (1) Heans of injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Sakeidal, or Hemicidal.		
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Hov Aucum	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place At place of death yrs mos ds. State yrs mos ds.		
THI	ELABOYE PETERS TO THE ACT OF THE MICHIEF UM	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
(Inf	formant) Efferman	Former or usual residence 2426 M Jefferson		
	(ADDRESS) City/tapital	Collinsville Ills DATE OF BURIAL WON 1 8: 1814		
File	MOV 27 1814 191 May Estarbloff	Walker-Kelderle 2331 J. Bdw.		

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary). may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INTURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)