PLACE OF DEATH

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Township	Registration Distric	t No. 188	File No	685
or Village or Kennett (NO	Primary Régistration	n District No.4/177	Registered No	[If death occurred in a
FULL NAME HILL	Alema	of Ulsa	ward)	hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
8EX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR OF OFFOROM (Write the		DATE OF DEATH	Jan. (Month)	Z5, 1915 (Day) (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH	6.1480	I HEREBY CEI		tended deceased from
(Month)	(Day) (Year)	that I last saw har aliv	~//	
AGE 2 yrs. / mos. 2	ds. ormin.?	and that death occurred,		ed above, at L. R. m.
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	riter	The CAUSE OF DEATH*		verculosis
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	,	23A IN		
BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country)		(gur)	yrs	ds.
NAME OF FATHER	A .	Contributory	tion)vrs	mos. ds.
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	d	(81gned) Jane	Brea	M.O.
OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	<u></u>	*State the Disease Causing I (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whet	death, or, in deaths her Accidental, Suicidal	from Violent Causes, state
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)		LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR RECENT RESIDENTS) At place	OR HOSPITALS, INST	TUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNO	OWLEDGE	of death yrs, mos. Where was disease contracte if not at place of death?	ds. State	yrsds.
(Informant) John alem	air	Former or usual residence		
(ADDRESS) City	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REA	OVAL	DATE OF BURIAL
san 26 ma Diplie	2 lau	UNDERTAKER _	ew -	DDRESS
Filed 1910, 1910,	REGISTRAR	al Lau	skell 1	Qualt 11

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary); may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISBASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic). "Atrophy." "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)