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	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
1 PLACE OF DEATH	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
bensi	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
County	357 873
Township Re	gistration District No. O File No. File No.
07	3018
Village Pri	imery Registration District No. V
City (NO	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution,
94	the O O O of the state of the s
2FULL NAME /// MAYUK	of street and number.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTIC	LARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED	16 DATE OF DEATH
WIDOWED OR DIVORCED	Meronio Jan 1915
(Write the word	
6 DATE OF BIRTH	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
7e60. 133	1 1858 Jan 4, 1915, tolar 4, 1915
(Month) (De	that I last saw h Que alive on 1912
7 AGE +	If LESS than
76 yrs 10 mo 23 ds.	ormin?
	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
8 OCCUPATION  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	fudden de ath- back
	The and assist
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in	82A Styl Carolis land
which employed (or employer)	John Carola Meriforhage
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town.	(Duration) yrs yrs day hos ds.
State or foreign country)	
10 NAME OF	(Secondary)
FATHER Thomas has	With Duration) ypg Omos ds.
11 BIRTHPLACE	(Signed) Danwell a Joaques D.
OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	server 1/1 1
OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	1913. (Address) (Olivery)
a OF MOTHER	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
13 BIRTHPLACE	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients.
OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country	or Recent Residents)  At place In the
	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant)	Former or
PO. To	usual residence
(Address)	19 PRACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
15 (1/10 1/1	Ciuton Ma 1915
I was to say Mark the	20 UNDERTAKER AODRESS
Filed (1)	Registrar la & Moure Clinton Mo

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician. Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner; (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)