

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County MonroeTownship _____
or _____Village _____
or _____City Paris

(NO. _____)

St. _____

Ward _____

2 FULL NAME

Henry Lasley

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

13437

Registration District No. 682

File No. _____

Primary Registration District No. 4344Registered No. 29

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS.

3 SEX

Male

4 COLOR OR RACE

Black

5 SINGLE

MARRIED

WIDOWED

OR DIVORCED

(If write the word)

Married

6 DATE OF BIRTH

June 10 1888
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE

33 yrs. 10 mos. 20 ds.
If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

8 OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

Laborer

(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Monroe Co

10 NAME OF FATHER

Charlie Lasley

PARENTS

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Bell Wells

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Virginia

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant)

Bettie Mae Kipper

(Address)

Paris Mo

15

Filed

4/30/15
H. C. Kipper
Registrar

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH

Apr 30 1915
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from

Apr 29 1915 to Apr 30 1915that I last saw him alive on Apr 29 1915and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 4 am m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Pulmonary Tuberculosis23
58
20
(Duration) 2 yrs. — mos. — ds.

CONTRIBUTORY

(Secondary)

(Duration) — yrs. — mos. — ds.

(Signed)

H. C. Kipper M. D.(Address) Paris Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death — yrs. — mos. — ds. In the State — yrs. — mos. — ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

Walnut Grove unox

DATE OF BURIAL

May 1 1915

20 UNDERTAKER

Geo F Speed

ADDRESS

Paris Mo

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sarcoma*, etc., of (name organ; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)