

1 PLACE OF DEATH

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

County

Township

or

Village

or

City St Louis (NO. City 7003 7th Ward)Registration District No. 701File No. 17714Primary Registration District No. 1003Registered No. 4600

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

2 FULL NAME Louis Gummeman

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3 SEX' male 4 COLOR OR RACE white 5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED married
(Write the word)16 DATE OF DEATH May 20, 1915
(Month) (Day) (Year)6 DATE OF BIRTH Aug 7, 1876
(Month) (Day) (Year)17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from May 13, 1915 to May 20, 1915
that I last saw alive on May 19, 1915
and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 4:05 PM7 AGE 38 yrs. 9 mos. 13 ds. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

The CAUSE OF DEATH was as follows:

8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Teacher
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 115th St. 105th St.Asphyxiation, caused by edema of larynx induced by peritonitis.
(Duration) 7 yrs. 0 mos. 0 ds.9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) MissouriCONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) JA Dingle
(Duration) 7 yrs. 0 mos. 0 ds.10 NAME OF FATHER Fred Gummeman11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Missouri12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Anna West13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MissouriSigned) JA Dingle M D
May 20, 1915 (Address) City 7003

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death 7 yrs. 0 mos. 0 ds. In the 18 State 0 yrs. 0 mos. 0 ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence 1909 Rutger19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL St. Mary's Church DATE OF BURIAL Aug. 22, 191520 UNDERTAKER Anna Westlage ADDRESS 907 Chouteau aveFiled MAY 21 1915 Max B Starkloff Registrar

Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Composer, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)