Co	PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
То	waship Gralius Registration Distr	File No. 445 File No. 19341
11	lage Mtwas Primary Registrat	ion District No. 5605 Registered No.
Cil	,	Baku [Ii death occurred in a hospital or tostitution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
li .	male White Single MARRIED Single Widowed OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)
D/	mes ! 4 1899	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
	(Wouth) (Day) (Year)	that I last saw him alive on how - ( 191)
AC	I day,hrs	·,
CCCUPATION yrsds.   ormin.?		The CAUSE OF DEATH' was as follows:
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		accidental Drowning
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		183
BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  MISOURY		(quration) yrsmosds.
	NAME OF James Baker	Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) (Duratio
PARENTS	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(81gned) M. D.
PARE	of Mother mary Vanes	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)  At place In the
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		of deathyrsmosds. Etateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted
(Informant) Marry Hokey		If not atplace of death?
(ADDRESS) Newarts Inv		PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
Filed Jinuy to 1918 Josephin		UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
	/ REGISTRAR	GEO. W. Glover newark

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital." "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL beritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)