	1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOA BUREAU OF VITAL S CERTIFICATE OF	STATISTICS
Cou	nty A Court	1,33	27976
Tow	mahin Candral Registration Distric	t No. File No.	***************************************
or		スングン	
Villa	age Primary Registration	on District No. J	
Or City	25111 NAME Cora Mand Back	Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
	-FOLE NAME	-	
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE_OF	- DEATH
3 SE	MARRIED Single MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH Seff 15 (Month)	(Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH 139		17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 1915, to Sept. 14, 1915	
(Month) (Day) (Year) 7 AGE If LESS then		that I last saw her alive on 1915	
1 day,hrs.		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at	
hour / O yrs mos ds. or min.r		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:	
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or Annageria		Disease of Hel	arl-
(b) General nature of industry		958 //	
business, or establishment in House Juwa which employed (or employer)		97 (//	
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Make Can		CONTRIBUTORY (Ster Scles	rsgmosds.
	10 NAME OF Jun 8 Bage	(Secondary) (Duretion)	3 mos — ds.
STN:	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or fortist banker lugar	(Bigned) With Rolders Supply 4 191 (Address Fl.	matile mo
PARENT	12 MAIDEN NAME Mary Toxton	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deat (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accident	el, Suicidal or Homicidal.
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State of towns of the City of town, State of towns of the City of towns.)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, or Recent Residents) At place In the	Institutions, Transients,
14 THE ABOVE IS PRUE TO THE BEST OF MY ANOWLEDGE		of death yrs mos ds. State yrs mos ds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?	
(Informant) talles wage		Former or usual residence	
_	(Address) Masica 116	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OF REMOVAL	Sco 17, 1915
15	7/17 in Commonton	DOWNDERTAKER DO	ANDRESS 191
F	lled Registrar	Ki Cox Well Bon	DESolo 12

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided forthe latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of ."Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)