1 PLACE OF DEATH		<i>:</i> *	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
	hip		791 File No. 38823	
or Village	<del>-</del>	Primary Registra	1000	
or City/	Sh. Louis ) FULL NAME Her	no no St. Lu ny Walton	Resident St. 28 Ward) [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]	
	PERSONAL AND STATIS	TICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
BEX Mul	4 COLOR OR RACE	5 SHRETZ MARRIED WIDOWED VACO OR DIVORSES (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH  MolClintu 2, 1915  (Month) (Day) (Year)	
DATE	OF BIRTH O	u/ 31, 1852	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from	
7 AGE (Month) (Day) (Year) 7 AGE If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?			and that I last saw had alive on 1915 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 8 200 m.	
(a) Tr particu (b) Ge busine	PATION  ade, profession, or  alar kind of work  mineral nature of industry  as, or establishment in  employed (or employer)		Oujasion buserie (Dunsamu	
BIRTH (City or State or t	PLACE town, foreign country)	_ \	(Duration) yrs mos 2 ds.	
1	O NAME OF Monte	F. Hanley	(Secondary) (Duration) yrs mos ds.	
ສ 1 ຊ	1 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign cou	my Vingmin	(Signed) Laus Hockoms M. D.  Sec 3 1913 (Address) Seems Blog	
PARENTS	2 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	ne le Hallon	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Buicidal or Homicidal.	
1	3 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign cou	ntry) Musson	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)  At place  Am In the ( )	
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE			Where was disease contracted blay for the	
(Informent) , T. Heuley			Former or usual residence, St. Louis County	
(Address) 4 6 Do Volume 2-			19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL	
	TEP ILLIE On	as Costas plass	20 UNDERTAKER ADDRESS C	

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician. Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant. Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUBRPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)