1 PLACE OF DEATH		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
Com	aly	Registration Distr	385	File No	1334
or	nship		•		
Villa	ige	Primary Registra	tion District No 422	Registered	No
or City	Willowsprings			St.;War	d) If death occurred in a hospital or institution,
	FULL NAME MYR 9	tizzie au	wtin		give its NAME instead of street and number.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
SEX	VA I YAR Z. VA I OR I	RIED MANNILL WHO STORE D ite the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH	anuary (Month)	
6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) 7 AGE 16 LESS than 1 dayhrs. ormin.?			that I last saw her	alive on the date a	at I attended deceased from Americany 3, 1916. Americany 3, 1916. Attended above, at // 42° Pmows:
SOCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or ADMENUGE particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business or establishment in			Calarria Presemonia		
BIRT (City	th employed (or employer) THPLACE Restand or town, or foreign country) Ressense	~	167/1	K	yrs mos I de
	10 NAME OF John Dock	rc	CONTRIBUTORY	(Duration)	yrs mos. ds
ARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE Newyork OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign count) 12 MAIDEN NAME Cutherna Borns		(Signed)	M. Le Co	illar Sering M.
PAR			*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, stat (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal		
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	fan	/18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients or Recent Residents) (At place In the 4 to death yes mos descriptions of the 1 to 1 t		
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE			Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
(Informant) Lescen Minn			Former or usual residence		
15		,110	19 PLACE OF BURIAL O	R REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL
Fil	a Jan 5- 1816. Ti	All asue Registrar	20 UNDERTAKER	ms	ADDRESS

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age, For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician. Combositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)