ld state	PLACE OF DEATH County County	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
RGIN RESERVED FOR BINDING UNFADING INK—THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD arefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very im-	Township Suith Registration Distri	ct No. 962 File No. 5164
	VillagePrimary Registrati	on District No. 6211 Registered No. 1
	Oity(NO.:	St.: Ward)  [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	SEX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) Helowel	DATE OF DEATH  Dec 20, 1915  (Month) (Day) (Year)
	DATE OF BIRTH    Date   2   1 8 27   (Month) (Day) (Year)	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Dec feet, 1915, to L. Dec 20, 1915,
	AGE If LESS than I day,hrs.	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 10 A. m.
	OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
	(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	11 % Lateriffe
	BIRTHPLACE (City or town.' State or foreign country)	(Duration)
MARGIN ITH UNF	NAME OF Thomas Osborn	(SECONDARY) (Duration) yrs, mos. ds.
PLAINLY, WI	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Gity or town, State or foreign country)  Mod Kurum %	(8igned) MOSborn M. D.  Dec 20, 1815 (Address) Denve Wo
	CGty or town, State or foreign country) Not Russen & MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Lyden Colland	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, State (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)  In the of deathyrsmosds.
WRITE item of i	THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
	(Informant) Juliana	Former or usual residence
B.—Every	(ADDRESS) Davie Mo	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL  PLICE OF BURIAL  PLICE TO THE CO. DIE ZZ, 1815
œ. ż	Filed Jan 9. 1816. MARobertin	UNDERTAKER ADDRESS W.F. Calhoon alludele He
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## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed. as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important, Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

