1 PLACE OF DEATH		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS			
County Elector			CERTIFICATE	OF DEATH	
Tòw	mahip Benton	Registration Distri	A.	File No	9509
Villa	age	Primary Registrati	on District No. 3229	Registered N	,
City	(N	O,		Ward)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution,
	2FULL NAME LOVA	ujit	Begley	.	give its NAME instead of street and number.]
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PAR	TICULARS	, A MEDICAL	CERTIFICATE	OF DEATH
3 SEX	4 COLOR OR RACE WINDOWED OR DIVOR (Write II)	Marries e word)	/16 DATE OF DEATH	Obrua (Month)	7 9 191 6 (Day) (Year)
6 DAT	E OF BIRTH (Month)	(Day) (Year)	Deb - 6- 16	916 to 8	I attended deceased from
7 AGE	36 yrs / mos 2	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	that I last saw halive and that death occurred. The CAUSE OF DEATH	on the date at	,
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work			Cerebral heinschage		
(b) General nature of industry business or establishment in which employed (or employer)			caused by artero Schleroses		
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)			Puretion) yrs. mos. ds.		
	10 NAME OF Edward	Paci	CONTRIBUTORY(Dr	ration)	.yrsds,
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Verquita 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Ada Oliver		(Signed) M. D. Schwarf 1916 (Address Janes) Spannage Mo *State the Disease Causing Death, of in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.		
PARI					
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	mo i	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the		
14 THE ABOVE IS THUS TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE			At place In the of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.		
(Informant) Harry Segley			if not at place of death? Former or	•••••	,
(Address) Filley Mb			19 place of Burial on RE		DATE OF BURIAL
Mag 7 1 CO Harrott			Saud Rigge	Cen	7/26 10 1916
Fil	ed Mar 7 1916. a.y.	VIGUAV Registrar	20 UNOETTAKET LEFTLE	us	Eldorale As

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)