1	PL	AC	E O	F D	EA	Th

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

County Dekalb	74 × 74		AU OF VITA SERTIFICATE (L STATISTICS OF DEATH	
Township	Registration Distric	ct No. 259.	File No	9735	
Village	Primary Registrati	on District No. 9/57	Registered N	o	
2FULL NAME Jacob				lif death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NABIE instead of street and number.	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PAR	TICULARS .	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR HACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVOR (Write It	cep ne word)班1dowed	16 DATE OF DEATH ON A	n (Month)	(Day) (Year)	
6 DATE OF BIRTH Jan ((Vienth))	24th1837	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 191 L, to Many, 191 b., that I last saw based alive on Man eq. 191 b.,			
7 AGE 79 yrs 1 mos 7	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occurred,	on the date sta	1810	
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Retiled (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in		The CAUSE OF DEATH	of Llo	rusel	
which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) GGT		7013 ·	ration)	yrs. mos ds.	
10 NAME OF FATHER John Asse	1	(Secondary)	Cler	mosds.	
OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER DOTA YOUR	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Sucidal or Homicidal.				
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	Ger	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.			
(Informant) Must Rasa Con	owledge ershall.	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? Former or usual residence			
(Address) Quayswill	e mo	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR RE		DATE OF BURIAL	
15	-100/	Hoperel	6_	191	

Filed 8-10-1916 W. Clark 20 UNDERFRANKE PRICE PROPERTY PORTES PROPERTY PROP

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations assingle word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)