

CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Larry
 Township _____
 or _____
 Village _____
 or _____
 City Monett (NO. _____ St. _____ Ward _____)

Registration District No. 30 File No. 13424

Primary Registration District No. 3003 Registered No. 41

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

2 FULL NAME Liza Ami Scott

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3 SEX Female **4 COLOR OR RACE** White **5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED** Widowed
(Write the word)

16 DATE OF DEATH April 24 1916
(Month) (Day) (Year)

6 DATE OF BIRTH Dec 5 1881
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from April 23 1916 to April 24 1916
 that I last saw him alive on April 23 1916
 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 5 P. m.

7 AGE 84 yrs. 4 mos. 19 ds.
 If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Cerebral Hemorrhage
921A
152

8 OCCUPATION
 (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Same work
 (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE Carroll Co Mo.
(City or town, State or foreign country)

CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) Highly
 (Signed) [Signature] M. D.
April 25 1916 (Address) Monett Mo

10 NAME OF FATHER Alburn Bready

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER Kentucky
(City or town, State or foreign country)

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Not known

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER Not known
(City or town, State or foreign country)

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)
 At place of death, yrs. mos. ds. In the State, yrs. mos. ds.

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
 (Informant) P. W. Scott
 (Address) Monett Mo

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
 Former or usual residence

15 Filed 4-25-16 W. H. West Registrar

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Abdale Cemetery **DATE OF BURIAL** 4/26 1916

20 UNDERTAKER McCauley **ADDRESS** Monett Mo

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs*, *meninges*, *peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma*, *Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicaemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis*, *tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)