MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Registration District No .... Registered No ..... Primary Registration District No III death occurred in a City..... hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.] MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 16 DATE OF OFATH 3 SEX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED A-OR DIVORCED (Write the word) (Month) (Day) (Year) If LESS than 7 AGE l day,.....hrs or.....min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH\* 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work. (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER (Duration) 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER PARENTS (City or town, State or Joreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (16 Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. OF MOTHER 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the of death......vrs......mos.....ds. State......yrs......mos...... Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... (Informant) usual residence...... 15 Registrar

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms): Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy." "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septickaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH **BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS** REGISTRARS SHALL NOT RECEIVE A FEE FOR CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE COMPLETED AS PRESCRIBED, BY CERTIFICATE OF DEATH orVillag Primary Registration District N or City If death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead <sup>2</sup>FULL NAME of street and number.] ERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SBINGLE COLOR-OR RACE 16 DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Write the won (Day) (Year) 6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) (Year) 7 AGE If LESS than 1 day .....hrs or.....min.? was as follows: 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY 10 NAME OF FATHER (Secondary) 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Viol Int Causes, state:

1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. 18 LENGTHIOF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place In the of death yrs mos ds. State yrs mos ds. 13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?. (Informant) Former or 15 Registrar Original file, date.../ All information called for must be written on this Supplementary Certificate.

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Statement of cause of death—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite);

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Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc. of ..... (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL OF HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)