

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Jackson
Township Bliss Registration District No. 398 File No. 24335
or
Village _____ Primary Registration District No. 5554 Registered No. 182
or
City Jay's Creek (NO. 8 James St. _____ Ward) (If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2 FULL NAME Milota Litta

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3 SEX Male 4 COLOR OR RACE White 5 SINGLE Married
MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)
6 DATE OF BIRTH About 1878
(Month) (Day) (Year)
7 AGE About 38 yrs. - mos. - da. If LESS than 1 day... hrs. or... min.?
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Fireman
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employee) Wm. Standard Oil Co.
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Austria

10 DATE OF DEATH July 14 1916
(Month) (Day) (Year)
17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from _____, 191____, to _____, 191____, that I last saw h..... alive on _____, 191____, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at _____ m. The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
RR trauma - accidental multiple injuries
207M (Duration) yrs. mos. da. 175d
CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) _____ (Duration) yrs. mos. da.
(Signed) Frank M. Morrison M. D. 7/15/16 (Address) 327 Cherokee

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informant) M. Litta
(Address) 8 N James st
15 Filed July 17 1916 F. L. Cook Registrar

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place of death... yrs. mos. da. In the State... yrs. mos. da.
Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
Former or usual residence _____
19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Wt Cavalry DATE OF BURIAL July 17, 1916
20 UNDERTAKER John Stone ADDRESS 415 N. 6th st

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

R. C. Row

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of, "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)