1 PLACE OF DEATH MOV	me	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEA	ላ Lፕ፦
County Tellio		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	٠, ٠
County		4210	2
Township Registre	ation District No.		
	y Registration Di	strict No. 3032 Registered No. 345	- -
or Tedalia: 14	01 8 (1)	in the	resad in
City		hospital or h	astitatio
2FULL NAME Value (Vilsor	give its NAMI of street and	
			
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULAR	s	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MAN	red 160	ATE OF DEATH	
OR DIVORCED (Write the word)		(Month) (Day)	Year
6 DATE OF BIRTH	. 17	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended decease	
Cipri 9	874	84 16 1916 10 DEC 16 1	a, 6
(Maph) (Day)	(Year)	t I last saw her alive on 19ce / 6	
	LESS than		61.X
· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rmin.?	that death occurred, on the date stated above, at.	
8 OCCUPATION //	The	CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:	•
(a) Trade, profession, or Jause Work	e f-1	(Julmoney Jubrella	
(b) General nature of industry	1 3		
business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		all .	
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town,		Man Harry &	
State or foreign country)	- T	(Duration) J. yrs. amos	d
10 NAME OF G C	- CO	NARNUTEORY	••••••
Just F. Ceru	ul!	(Duration)yrsmos	d
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER	\\$ (8i	med) as Moursy	M . 1
(City or town, State or foreign country)	a 2	te/8, 1916 (Address) Sedalia	Z
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER		*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Caus Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Buicidal or Hon	508, ¢
13 BIRTHPLACE	. 18 L	ENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Tree	nicida
OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	6	r Kecent Kesidents)	
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of d	eathyrsmosds. Stateyrsyrs	đ
To Color of the mind with the color of the c	07h	ere was disease contracted Oou A luou	ب
(Informant)		mer or Caoper Co 744	
(Address) Ledalia 2	111	ai residence	••••••
15	19 P	LACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL	(
1/100 1/ 6/5 /2 /			191
Filed (4191) (6	Registrar 200	NDERTAKER ADDRESS	. 0
	Registrar	y augure 120 leas	een

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage,"
"Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deates state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)