1 FLACE OF DEATH

## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Cou	Truceus.	2	· (	CERTIFICATE OF	DEATH
Tow	rnship	Registration Distric	n No. 296	File No	
Village Primary Registration			on District No. #180	Registered No	840
Or Cits	FULL NAME Rosa (	Vondera	St.;		[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PAR	TICULARS .	MEDICAL (	CERTIFICATE OF	DEATH
3 se	4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OF DIVORC (Write the	ED	16 DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	(Day), 191 Year)
6 DA1	(Month)	(Day) (Yest)  If LESS than	W 121	16 g la	attended deceased from 1917,
# 7 yrs // mos 2 ds. or min.?			and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 2 Aug.  The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:		
(a) Trade, profession, or a fourth well and of work.  (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)			1769		
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Muiori UVO.			,	ration)yrs	#de.
	10 NAME OF J. Skack		ration yre	ds.	
ARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER  13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)  Sermany		(97) (a) (a) (b) (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	(Address)	leeca Kes
PARI			*State the Diseaso Causin Means of Injury; and (2)	ng Death, or, in death ) whether Accidental	from Violent Causes, state l, Suicidal or Homicidal.
			18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)  At place  In the		
(Informant) Union Modera			of deathyrsmos Where was disease contra if not at place of death?	cted	yrsds.
			Former or usual residence	·····	
15 (Address).			2000 Cuhale	MOVAL Courseling	PATE OF BURIAL
Fil	led Jacoff 191/ Cafe	Registrer	20 UNDERTAKER	/ 4	DORESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive; engineer, Civil engineer,-Stationary fireman, etc. But & in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latterstatement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Sales man, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic, valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis. tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)