Cou	1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	nahip Bais Amel Registration Distri	ot No. 1128 File No. 7053
Villa or	. 00.	$\Gamma 0 7 \Lambda \Lambda$. 2
City	2FULL NAME Rapheal, Tues	St: Ward) Ill death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.}
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX	4 COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH # 25 , 191 (Month) (Day) (Year)
6 DAT	E, OF BIRTH 9.858	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
7 AGE	(Month) (Day) (Year) If LESS than	that I last saw h alive on 191
, AGE	57 yrs 7 mos 20 ds. 1 day hrs. or min.?	11 .
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		Derdick of Coroner Juny
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Line Co 220		(Duration) vrs mos ds.
	10 NAME OF FATHER Sont Thion	(Secondary) (Duration)yrs
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Signed) Hampy Through Corone M. D. Feb 25, 1915 (Address) Jonnally Inp
	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Dans. I Moss	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informant) Local Lucilus		of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Address) In CBride Sno		Former or usual residence
15 Fil	ed Fely 16, 1917 Charley Morre Registrar	MH Hope Cam July 76 1917 20 UNDERTAKER Leucked Les mille

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially, in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day, laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women !: at home, who are engaged in the duties of the householdonly (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. - If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and quality as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles;

Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic