MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

1 PLACE OF DEATH		BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS	
County Rafuge Ma		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
Tov	waship Registration Dis	trict No. File No.	15352
		ation District No. 427 Registered No	8
City Concordia (NO		St.;Ward)	[If death occurred in a
	2FULL NAME Marjaretha	Barryrian	hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 se	4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED MARVIE White (Write the word)	S 16 DATE OF DEATH Chril 23 (Month)	(Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH		17, I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I at	tended deceased from
Sept. 17 1845		March 28, 1917, 10 Chris 28, 1917	
7 AGE (Mouth) (Day) (Year)		that I last saw h Walive on Charl 25, 1915	
72 yrs 7 mos 9 de or min?		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at	
		The CAUSE OF-DEATH* was as follows:	
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		Mortic Stenosis	
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		92B NA	
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country) State or foreign country)		(Duration)	ds.
PARENTS	10 NAME OF Chius Marteus	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) (Dupation) yrs.	ds.
	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Signed) & a Schmuolu	M. D.
	12 MAIDEN NAME Grina Theirs	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths fr (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental,	om Vicient Causes, state Buicidal or Homicidal
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Mermau	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Insorrement Residents)	stitutions, Transients,
14 THE ABOVE S THE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.	
(Informant) Leter Danmair		Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?	
-Committee distance		Former or usual residence	
	(Address)	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DA	TE OF BURIAL
15 (11.10)		St. Vaul's Cemetery	apr. 27, 1917
Fil	led Upm 7) 1917 PU Sommedes	20 UNDERTAKER	DRESS

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer— Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths staté MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)