MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Registered No. Primary Registration District No. . Village Ilí death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number. PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SEINGLE 16 DATE OF DEATH 4 COLOR OR RACE 3 SEX MARRIED MIDOWED OF DIVORCED Write the word) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 6 DATE OF BIRTH (Day) If LESS then 7 AGE I day,....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at. or.....min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) 10 NAME OF FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE ARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country (Address) 12 MAIDEN NAME Siscthe Bishase Cauging Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state 19) Mean of Sury; and (B) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. OF MOTHER 18.LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE . or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town. State or foreign country In the death.....ds. State.....yrs.....mos.: Where was disease contracted usual residenco..... 15 Registrar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective, of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomatique engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. Pirt in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and second the provided for the statement of the provided for the statement.

As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

Trand pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopreumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); whereutesis of lungs, menings, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less descrite; avoid use of "Tumor" for maliginant neoplesms; Meades; Whooping cough; highic valvular heart a sease of Chrone interstitial critis, etc. The contributor (secondary or in-furrent) a ection need not to stated unless impetant. Example: Meastes (disease causing death), 29 de Bonchopneumonia Isecondary), 10 ds. Never symptoms or terminal conditions such as "Aslhema," Anaemia (merely symptomasses "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage,"
"Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)