

This statement of OCCUPATION is very important. It may be properly classified.

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH
County Lincoln
Township Marion
or Village
City (NO. _____) St. _____ Ward _____

Registration District No. 49 File No. _____
Primary Registration District No. 5659 Registrar No. 29110-a

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]

FULL NAME Elmer Richard Gillett

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

SEX Boy COLOR OR RACE White SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Single
(If write the word)
DATE OF BIRTH Jan 24 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)
AGE 6 yrs. 6 mos. 28 ds. If LESS than 1 day, ___ hrs. or ___ min.?

OCCUPATION
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Child
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) child

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Louisiana, Mo.

PARENTS
NAME OF FATHER Samuel B. Gillett
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Clark Co Mo
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mary E. Evland
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Howell Co Mo

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
(Informant) W. B. Evland
(ADDRESS) Edolia, Mo.

Filed 8/21 1917
11-23-17
Edolia, Mo.
J. D. Mottley

3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

DATE OF DEATH Aug 20, 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Aug 9, 1917, to Aug 20, 1917, that I last saw him alive on Aug 20, 1917, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 9 P. m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
Acute Endocarditis

78
(Duration) ___ yrs. ___ mos. 10 ds.

Contributory Diphtheria
(SECONDARY) (Duration) ___ yrs. ___ mos. 12 ds.
(Signed) Edolia, Mo. M. D.
Aug 20, 1917 (Address) Edolia Mo.

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)
At place of death ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds. In the State ___ yrs. ___ mos. ___ ds.

Where was disease contracted
If not at place of death?
Former or usual residence _____

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Louisiana, Mo. DATE OF BURIAL 8/21 1917
UNDERTAKER and Haley ADDRESS Louisiana

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility," "Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., unless a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Do not qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or carriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state the INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)