

M. E. G. Leftwich Dr. Boardman
 Lookout R. E. D. Beaman
 MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
 BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
 CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Pettis

Township Hess Creek

Registration District No. 673

File No. 32752

Village

Primary Registration District No. 4896

Registered No.

City Union, Mo. East of Sedalia, Mo.

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

2 FULL NAME Oscar Elworth Jeffries

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX Male 4 COLOR OR RACE White 5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED married
 (Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH Oct. 14 1889
 (Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE 27 yrs. 10 mos. 29 ds. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Farmers
 (b) General nature of industry business or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Cooper County, Mo.

PARENTS 10 NAME OF FATHER James H. Jeffries
 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Morgan Co. Mo.
 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Susan Ellis
 13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Cooper Co. Mo.

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE
 (Informant) Mary C. Jeffries
 (Address) Beaman, P. # 1

15 Filed Sept 16 1917 E. G. Leftwich
 Registrar

3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH Sept 12 1917
 (Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that attended deceased from Apr 2 1917 to Apr 12 1917
 that I last saw him alive on Sept 11 1917
 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 2 a.m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Peritonitis (following perforation of intestine)
 (Duration) yrs. mos. 3 ds.

CONTRIBUTORY Typhoid fever
 (Secondary) (Duration) yrs. mos. 30 ds.

(Signed) W. S. Barnes M. D.
Sept 12 1917 (Address) Pelot Grove Mo.

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.
 Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
 Former or usual residence.

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Union Cemetery DATE OF BURIAL Sept 13 1917

20 UNDERTAKER Purbaugh & Allen ADDRESS Sedalia, Mo.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

{Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association}

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Composer, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicaemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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