

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

PLACE OF DEATH Connell
County _____

Township _____
or
Village Bosworth
or
City _____

Registration District No. 134
Primary Registration District No. 4075

File No. 37673
Registered No. 18

(If death occurred in a hospital - or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number)

FULL NAME ~~Elizabeth H. Wallom~~ Elizabeth H. Wallom

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

SEX Girl COLOR OF RACE White SINGLE - MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED Single
(If fill the word)

DATE OF DEATH Nov 21, 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)

DATE OF BIRTH Nov 21, 1917
(Month) (Day) (Year)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Nov 21, 1917 to Nov 21, 1917
that I last saw her alive on Nov 21, 1917

AGE _____
yrs. mos. ds. IF LESS than 1 day, ____ hrs. or ____ min.?

and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 2:00 p.m.

OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Bygone
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) _____

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Premature Birth from separation of the placenta
11:57
1:51

BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Bosworth Mo

(Duration) 151 yrs. mos. ds.

NAME OF FATHER H W Wallom

Contributory Residual Placenta
(SECONDARY)

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Ohio

(Signed) Alfred Brown M. D.

MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Essie Hoover

Nov 21, 1917 (Address) Bosworth

BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Bosworth Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.

THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)

(Informant) Alfred Brown

At place of death _____ yrs. mos. ds. In the State _____ yrs. mos. ds.

(ADDRESS) Bosworth Mo

Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? _____

Former or usual residence _____

Filed Nov 21, 1917 Alfred Brown

PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Home

DATE OF BURIAL Nov 21, 1917

UNDERTAKER Home

ADDRESS _____

REGISTRAR

CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc.* But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory.* The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine, etc.* Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework, or At home,* and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school or At home.* Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc.* If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None.*

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of* (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc.* The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)