

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County

Township

Village

City St Louis (NO. 13682)2 FULL NAME John MurphyMISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATHRegistration District No. 791File No. 3319Primary Registration District No. 1003Registered No. 723City City Hospital St. 5 Ward

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX

Male

4 COLOR OR RACE

White

5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)

Widowed

6 DATE OF BIRTH

Feb 17 1859
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE

58 yrs. 11 mos. 2 ds.

IF LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

8 OCCUPATION

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work

Rennman

(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE

(City or town, State or foreign country)

Spain

10 NAME OF FATHER

Lawrence Murphy

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

Ireland

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

Indigo Vale

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

Ireland

14 THE SIGNATURE OF THE BEST QUALIFIED INFORMANT

(Informant)

(Address)

Rowan
City Hospital

15

Filed

JAN 20 1918
Max B. Starkoff
Registrar

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH

Jan 19 1918
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from

Jan 1 1918 to Jan 19 1918that I last saw him alive on Jan 19 1918and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6:50 P.M.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:

Robert pneumonia
10% (thrombosed)
15 (6)
(Duration) yrs. mos. ds.

CONTRIBUTORY

(Secondary)

Fractured Aortic(Signed) W. W. W. M. D.Jan 20 1918 (Address) City Hospital

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

At place of death yrs. mos. ds. In the State yrs. mos. ds.

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence 823 76

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL

DATE OF BURIAL

Calvary 1-22, 1918

20 UNDERTAKER

ADDRESS

W. W. W. 2039 Wash St

Murphy

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Composer*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)