Con	1 PLACE OF DEATH		BURE	STATE BOARD OF   AU OF VITAL STATISTIC CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	HEALTH Cs
1	onship blay	Registration Distr	ict No. 240	File No.	8493
City	•	ion J	len Bur	Ward)   Ili dea hospital give its	th occurred in a or institution. NAME instead and number.)
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PART	ICULARS	/ MEDICAL C	ERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 SE)	who were whose who were the wind with the work of the	word)	16 DATE OF DEATH	Mar) 22 (Month) (Day)	, 191. (Year)
6 DA1	TE OF BIRTH (Month)	22, 1917 (Day) (Year)	Mar 4 . 19	ERTIFY, that I attended dec	2, 191.
7 AGE	· 4 -	If LESS ther 1 day,hrs ormin.?	٠ <u>.</u>	on the date stated above, at	
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work			Whooping bough		
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)					
(City	THPLACE or town, or foreign country) Duylas	to mo		ration)yrs2mos	28 de
	10 NAME OF James Wes	Burris	CONTRIBUTORY(Secondary)	ration)yrsmos	ds.
ARENTS	11 BIRTHFLACE STUDIES OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign (Suntry))  12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER ANNUE		(Bigned) 2 a mar 22 191 c	(Address) Marlor	nt Mis
PAF			*State the Discourse County	g Death, or, in deaths from Violent whether Accidental, Suicidal or	Causes, state
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign cognity)	8º mo	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE or Recent Residents) At place	(For Hospitals, Institutions,	Transients,
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informent) Tamus			of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.  Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
	(Address) Mary	reld m	Former or usual residence	OVAL DATE OF BURI	At A
15 Fil	april 4 101 A W	mfile	Prairie 77 20 UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	J. 191.J.
		Registrar	non		

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, sui-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)