

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS  
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

9814

1 PLACE OF DEATH  
County Maxon  
Township Warren Union Registration District No. 549 File No. 5742  
or  
Village Primary Registration District No. Registered No.  
City (NO. St. Ward)

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2 FULL NAME Thomas Benton Wuseberry

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3 SEX male 4 COLOR OR RACE white 5 SINGLE MARRIED married WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)

16 DATE OF DEATH March 8, 1918  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

6 DATE OF BIRTH August 1, 1849  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from May, 1918 to Aug 8, 1918, that I last saw him alive on March 8, 1918, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6 P.M.

7 AGE 67 yrs. 5 mos. 6 da. If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?

The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows:

8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work farmer (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

Chronic Parenchymatous Nephritis  
131 170 (Duration) 1 yrs. mos. da.

9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) Netzel Ced Virginia

CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary)

10 NAME OF FATHER Samuel Wuseberry

(Signed) A. G. Roselle M. D.

11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) AK

MR 10, 1918 (Address) Palmyra Mo

12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Courtney

\*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) AK

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

At place of death yrs. mos. da. In the State yrs. mos. da.

(Informant) Mrs Ben Ware Barry  
(Address) Palmyra Mo

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?

Former or usual residence

15 Filed May 10, 1918 C. F. Gipton Registrar

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Palmyra Mo DATE OF BURIAL March 10, 1918

20 UNDERTAKER W. W. Sears ADDRESS Palmyra Mo

This document is not to be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important. PHYSICIANS should state

# Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health  
Association.]

**Statement of occupation.**—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter*, *Physician*, *Compositor*, *Architect*, *Locomotive engineer*, *Civil engineer*, *Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer*, *Farm laborer*, *Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife*, *Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant*, *Cook*, *Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

**Statement of cause of death.**—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Broncho-pneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of ..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles*; *Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.*; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *Struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*; *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)