MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Township..... Primary Registration District No. 481 Village [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.1 PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 5 BINGLE 3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE 16 DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED 12 OR DIVORCED Write the word (Month) (Day) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 17 6 DATE OF BIRTH 17 ,1918 to Which (Day) (Year) If LESS than 7 AGE l day hrs. or......min.? (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE PARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) (Address). 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violant Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) In the of death......yrs.....mos......ds. State.....yrs.....mos Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... Former or usual residence..... 15 Registrar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage. as "Puerperal septichaemia." "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, Or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

o chilipan	IL OF PURIT		
1. PLACE OF DEATH County Registration District	806		
		·····	
	District No Registered No	<i>J</i>	
Commence (No.	Sta		
2. FULL NAME CHANA. 6. KUN	lon		
(a) Residence. No. St., Ward. (Usual place of abode) (If nonresident give city or town and State)			
Longth of residence in city or town where death occurred yes mos-	ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yr		
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 8. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED forther the word)	16. DATE OF DESTH) MONTH, DAY AND YEAR 17.	// 19/8	
5a. 1f Married, Widowed, or Divorced	HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended dor	essed from	
HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE, OF		, 19, and that	
0,	death accured on the date stated above, at.		
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS CAP DAYS If LESS than 1	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:		
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS C. DAYS If LESS than 1 day,		••••••••••••	
The at	1 Sept.	***************************************	
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or	11	.6	
perticular kind of work	(duration) yrs	mosds.	
(b) General nature of industry, hustness, or establishment in	CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY)		
which complayed (or employer)		da.	
(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED		
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?	****************************	
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY DAYE OF	***************************************	
10. NAME OF FATHER TO WAS Breniser	Was there an autopsy?		
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOPN)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS?	Ş.,	
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	(Signed).	M D	
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Jane & herwood	, 19 (Address)	, M. D.	
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER CITY OF TOWN	*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state		
(STATE OD COUNTRY) Choo,	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INSURT, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)		
INFORMANT Clarence Blurton	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL	
(Address) Buckline Kan	eas	19	
FILED MOYHOTS VIJ Guber REGISTEAR	20. UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	
	·		

ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter. statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged · in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None. .

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, periloneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping couch: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis. etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.). "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition." "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify AS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, OF AS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death; Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR FURTHER STATEMENTS
BY PHYSICIAN,