1 PLACE OF DEATH County Highry Lung		,	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
Town	Chawnes	. Registration Distric		16808	
or Village Primary Registration		on District No. 5-5-02 Register	ed No		
City.	FULL NAME John. B	. Howerton.	St.;	lf death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3 sex	4 COLOR OR RACE MARK WIDOU OR DI White (Write	IED .	16 DATE OF DEATH May (Month)	7	
6 DATE OF BIRTH			17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from		
June 3, 1835 (Month) (Day) (Year)			March 2 1915 to May 7 1915 that I last saw him alive on May 5 1918 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 10 a m. The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:		
7 AGE 83 11 mos ds If LESS than 1 dayhrs. ormin.?					
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or FAT MCT particular kind of work				ollows:	
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)			Diabetes Mellitus	'·	
9 BIRT (City of State of	HPLACE r foreign country) North Caroli	na	seve <u>ral</u>	yra mos. ds.	
	10 NAME OF FATHER Wm Howerton,		CONTRIBUTORY(Secondary)	yrsds.	
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Unknown,		(Signed) W. D. M. D. 5-7-18. 191 (Address) Chilhowee Mo		
PARE	12 MAIDEN NAME Francis Wall.		*State the Disease Causing Death, or, indeath from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidel or Homicidal.		
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Unknown		18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the		
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informent) G a G a Cates			of deathyrsmosds. £	Stateds.	
			if not at place of death?		
15	(Address) Chilhowee	, No	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Carreville Com	DATE OF BURIAL	
15 File	May 24 1914 J	& Bearty	20 UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	
	(' /	Registrar	S. R. Sweeney	Chilhowee /77/	

- 1

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchepneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy,"
"Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition." "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, sui-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)