ISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH **BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS** CERTIFICATE OF DEATH County Registration District No or Primary Registration District No. 30.32 Registered No. ... Village [If death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.l PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CENTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 16 DATE OF DEATH OLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Day) Write the word) (Month) 17 I HEREBY CERTIFY. that I attended deceased from 6 DATE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) If LESS than 7 AGE 1 day,.....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at ... or.....min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* **8 OCCUPATION** (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work..... (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE(Duration)...... (City or town, .yrs.....da. State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY..... 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE (Signed) PARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) (Address 12 MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Volent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suitidal or Homicidal, OF MOTHER 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) In the of death......yrs......mos......ds. State......ds. 14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGES Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... (Informant) -Every Ite usual residence..... (Address)..... 15 Registrar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association [1]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative: healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But. in many cases, especially, in industrial employments. . it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second. statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma; etc., of(name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary, or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions; such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haem-orrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can: be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as; accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck: by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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