## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH **BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS** CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Primary Registration District No. 5.502. Village ..... or III death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 4 COLOR OF RACE 16 DATE OF DEATH 3 SEX MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Month) (Day) Write the word 6 DATE OF BIRTH attended deceased from (Month) (Day) (Year) If LESS than 7 AGE l day,.....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above or.....min.? 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work-(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) & 9 BIRTHPLACE (Duration) L. O yrs \_\_\_ mos (City or town, State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY ..... 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE PARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state OF MOTHER (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign At place In the of death......yrs.....mos.....ds. State.....vrs.....mos. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... Former or usual residence..... OR REMOVAL 15

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mins, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, perilonaeum, etc. Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ....................... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage." "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shook," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS  CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
1. PLACE OF SPATH  County Registration District :  Township Primary Registration  City No.	5515/
2. FULL NAME  (a) Residence. No. St.,  (Usual place of abode)  Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos.	Ward.  (If nonresident give city or town and State)  ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mas. da
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED furtile the word)  SA. If Married, Widowed, or Divorced HUSBAND of (or) WIFE or	16. DATE OF DEATH MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)  17.  18. HERSEY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from 19
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)  7. AGE YEARS. MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 day,	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS: THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS: THE CONTROL OF THE CONTR
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED?  (a) Trade, profession, or perticular kind of work  (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	CONTRIBUTORY. (duration) 2.0 yrs. mos. (duration) 775. mos.
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY)	18. Where was disease contracted  If not at place of death?
10. NAME OF FATHER  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	Was there an autopsti.  What test confirmed grachosist.  (Signed).  (Signed).  (Address) Liton PM;
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	// *State the DISBARE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, str. (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)

ADDRESS 20. UNDERTAKER 15. REGISTRAR 1 12 1

14.

(Address)

DATE OF BURNAL

19

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomolive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant. Cook. Housemaid. etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia." unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia." "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

NOTE.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and rofuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death; Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Additional space for further statements by Physician.