1 PLACE OF DEATH Hzus

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH **BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS** CERTIFICATE OF DEATH .

Tow	vaship Two Registration Distric	345 File No.	456240
11	age Primary Registration	on District No. 5487 Registered N	. <i>ID</i>
Cits	2FULL NAME Fann Bours		Ili death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 SE)	und While the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH 2 (Month)	(Day) 191/8 (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH DC / 1878 (Month) (Day) (Year)			I attended deceased from 1918.
7 AGE	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occurred, on the date sta The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follow	sted above, at 9, A. m.
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade. profession, or Hourse Mg. particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)		Onflower (Duration) CONTRIBUTORY MARGAMY)
ARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Cay or town, State or foreign country)	(Secondary) (Duration)	aliny M. D.
PARE	12 MAIDEN NAME Don Sycu.	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in de (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accides	wheten Violant Commen
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informant)		18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the of death	
15 Fi	(Address) leathern: 20	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL 20 UNDERTAKER	DATE OF BURIAL ADDRESS

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupaion .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relativehealthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia." "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck' by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)