MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICA	ATE OF BEATH
. PLACE OF DEATH	13694
County Registration District	
	n District No. 3 Begintered No. 7.3
City	St, ·Ward)
2. FULL NAME TO an At L	Leave.
(a) Residence. No	t.,
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. more	and the second s
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)
The owlet	17. Charg
A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED	HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attinded deceased from 1968, to Calver V. 1967
HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw ba a slive on Default, 19, and that
	death occurred, on the date stated above, at
DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:
day,hra.	(masses of FUTT
4 8 <u>or</u> mia.	_ ^^#
OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	
(a) Trade, profession, or	(duration)prs
particular kind of work	CONTRIBUTORY
business, or establishment in	(SECONDARY)
which employed (or employer)	(duration) yrs. mes. da
The state of the s	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR YOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY.
- Marine	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. M.O. DATE OF
10. NAME OF FATHER, MULLI WILLIAM	Was there an autopsys
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	What test confirmed diagnosist
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	(Signed) Daniel Comment
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER La atha Dav	1/11, 1919 (Address) Clarke tons
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN). C. O. O. O.	*State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means and Nature of Injury, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	HOXICTORIL (See reverse side for additional space.)
INFORMANT Willas Lelian	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
(Address) O lintant mo	Olystan MND H 13 10 P
4/12 11 73 73 Bann	20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
FILED. 19. 19. REGISTRAR	of the set of the
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	- Mi

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factery. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms): Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection, need not be stated unless important. Example: Measlest (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Gollapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart, failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norz.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole-cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.